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## Paul's Witness before Gentiles and the Jewish King 23:23 to 26:32

57-59 AD

The theme of **Paul's** witness continues. The scene shifts from Jerusalem to **Caesarea**, from the Jews to the **Roman governors**. Still, the primary focus was on the Jewish antagonism toward **Paul**. The **Roman governors** became more and more convinced that **Paul** had broken none of **their** laws. Nevertheless, in the face of the strong Jewish opposition to **Paul**, **they** were reluctant to release **him**. Only an appeal to **Caesar** removed **Paul** from the very real prospect that **the officials** would ultimately give in to the pressure and turn **him** over to the Jews.



This section is built around the three major political figures before whom **Paul** appeared - the Roman governors Felix (to see link click Cv - Paul's Defense before Governor Felix), Festus (see Cx - Festus Seeks Agrippa's Counsel), and the Jewish King Agrippa (see Cy - Paul's Defense before Agrippa). In also contains two major speeches of Paul - in the context of a formal trial at the beginning of his confinement at Caesarea (24:1-23), and in a hearing before Agrippa II (26:4-29). In between comes the pivotal event of Paul's appeal to Caesar (see Cw - Paul's Appeal to Caesar).

The major emphasis, however, is basically the same as in the previous three chapters - **Paul's** innocence and **his** protection by **the Roman governors**, combined with **their** stalling and failing to release **him**. The primary emphasis continues to be **Paul's** witness - this time before the unsaved Jews, **the Roman governors**, and **the Jewish King Agrippa II**. Though the setting was that of **Paul's** defense before **Jewish** charges, the end result was



consistently  $\bf Paul's$  witness of  $\bf His\ Messiah$  . For this witness,  $\bf His\ resurrection$  was central.  $^{556}$