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The Sword Will Never Depart from Your House Second Samuel 9:1 to 14:33

After reaching the pinnacle of success, **David** reflected upon **his** early life, the days of testing, days of suffering, and days of rejection. And as **he** mused over the past and recalled Sha'ul's hatred of **him**, there came the thought: **I wonder if there is still anyone left from the house of Sha'ul to whom I can show kindness for Y'honatan's sake (Second Samuel 9:1)?** Thus we are introduced to one of the most touching chapters in the TaNaKh, and a vivid illustration of truth in the B'rit Chadashah. **David's** treatment of **Mephibosheth** is just one of many pictures in the Scriptures of **God's** grace toward **His** people.

Then, continuing to be blessed by **YHVH**, **David** defeated **the Ammonites**. This was the only extensive narrative in the court history that casts **David** in a favorable light. **God's** favor was still upon **him** and **the LORD** continued to give **David victory wherever he went (Second Samuel 8:13-14; First Chronicles 18:13)**. **David** was on top of the world. Although **he** was a **man** after **God's own heart (First Samuel 13:14)**, **he** was not immune to temptation and sin. And the rest of this section records **David's** troubles in the areas of morals, politics and family relationships. To be sure, elsewhere, the narrator of the history views **David** positively – or at least sympathetically – in briefer sections **(12:13** and **22-23, 18:32-33, 19:38-39)**. On the whole however, this section depicts **David** under divine discipline.



Ha'Shem never winks at sin, even when it is found in the life of an otherwise exemplary believer. Chapters 11 and 12 mark the lowest point in David's life as he committed



adultery with **Bathsheba**. As is often the case, one sin led to another, and **David** was guilty of both adultery and murder. But the sin with **Bathsheba** was merely the climax of something that had been going on in **his** life for about twenty-six years. Sin always takes you further than you want to go and costs you more than you wanted to pay. And this was surely the case with **David**. When **God** sent **Nathan** to confront **David** with **his** sin, **the prophet** said: **You struck down Uriah the Hittite with the sword of the Ammonites; therefore, the sword will never depart from your house (Second Samuel 12:10).**

Yes, **David** was quick to acknowledge **his** failure, and **ADONAI** was just as quick to forgive the repentant sinner (**First John 1:8-10**). Nonetheless, **David** learned that sin, even though forgiven, bears serious consequences. As Rabbi Sha'ul warns: **Do not be deceived: God cannot be mocked. You reap what you sow. Whoever sows to please the flesh, from the flesh will reap destruction (Galatians 6:7-8a).** This section vividly illustrates from **David's** experience the inevitable and devastating consequences of sin in the life of the believer. **David's** life took a turn for the worse and **he** would live in anguish the rest of **his** life.³¹⁴