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## The Seventy Sevens

### Dani'el 9:24-27 and Isaiah 28:14-22

**The seventy sevens DIG: What do the 7 sevens, the 62 sevens and the 1 seven mean? What is the abomination that causes desolation (see Mattityahu 24:15)? What is the covenant of death? In contrast to lies and falsehood, what is the sure foundation of God's Kingdom? What promise is given to those who will trust in that chief cornerstone? What is the warning given to those who do not?**

**REFLECT: In a number from one to ten, what difference do these verses make in your life? For Dani'el and Yeshua, what is the emphasis on *what* the future holds? Or on *who* holds the future? In what things (money, relationships, power, and so on) do people try to find refuge today? In your opinion, what is the Gospel in these passages? Do these passages give you hope or despair? Why?**

**Four Gentile Empires will control the times of the Gentiles before it is succeeded by God's Kingdom.**



**Dani'el 9:1-23** provides the introduction to the **Seventy Sevens** prophecy found

here in **verses 24-27**. The background is given in **verses 1-2**. **Dani'el** had been studying **Jeremiah** as well as other prophets, such as **Isaiah**. **He** realized that **the seventy-years of Babylonian Captivity** was nearly finished (see my commentary on **Jeremiah, to see link click Gu - Seventy Years of Imperial Babylonian Rule**). That much of the prophecy **he** clearly understood. But what **he** misunderstood about the prophecies was that **he** thought **the Messianic Kingdom** would be set up following **the seventy-years** of captivity. **He** also knew from **the prophets** that the prerequisite for setting up **the Messianic Kingdom** would be the nation of **Isra'el** confessing **her sins**. Assuming that **the Babylonian Captivity** would be immediately followed by **the Messianic Kingdom, Dani'el prayed a prayer** of confession for **Isra'el's sins** (see **Cx - Dani'el's Prayer**). So **the angel Gabri'el** was sent to correct **Dani'el's** misunderstanding about **the Kingdom's** being set up at the end of **the Babylonian Captivity**. **He** informed **Dani'el** that it was not going to be **seventy** years, but **Seventy Sevens** of years before **the Messianic Kingdom** would be established (see **Cy - Gabri'el's Intervention**).<sup>301</sup>

**The Decree of the Seventy Sevens (9:24a): Seventy Sevens are decreed for your people and your holy City.** The Hebrew word for **sevens** is *shavuim* and could refer to “seven” of anything, just like the English word “dozen” simply means “twelve” and could be twelve of anything. In this context it meant **sevens** of years because **Dani'el** had been calculating the **seventy** years of **the Babylonian Captivity**. **Are decreed for your people and your holy City. Dani'el** was told that it was not **seventy** years that needed to pass before **the Messianic Kingdom** would be set up, but **Seventy Sevens** of years, or a period of 490 years had been **decreed**. Throughout **his** book, **Dani'el** had been dealing with **the Times of the Gentiles** (see **Ao - The Times of the Gentiles**). It began with the Babylonian destruction of **Jerusalem** in 586 BC and will end with the Second Coming of **Messiah**. This period of **Seventy Sevens** would concern **the Jewish people** and the **holy city** of **Zion** during that time. It would have nothing to do with the Church.<sup>302</sup> The 490-year period that **YHVH** has **decreed** on **the Jewish people** is meant to accomplish **six things**. The first group of three are negative aspects of this period, while the second group of three are positive.

**The Purposes: To finish the transgression, to put an end to sin, to make atonement for iniquity, to bring in everlasting righteousness, to seal up vision and prophecy, and to anoint the most holy.** The purposes listed by **Gabri'el** can be divided into two categories. The initial three components are all

negative. According to the prophecy, **the Seventy Sevens** would eliminate these undesirable elements. The second group consists of three positive objectives. These elements are desirable, and **Gabri'el** prophesied that **the Seventy Sevens** would bring them to fulfilment.

**1. To finish the transgression (9:24b):** The Hebrew word for **finish** means *restrain completely or bring to an end*. **Transgression** is a very strong word for **sin** coming from the Hebrew *avar*. It literally means *to rebel or to go beyond a set limit*. In the Hebrew text, it has the definite article. So it does not mean merely to **finish** rebellion, but to **finish** *the* rebellion. It refers to one specific act of rebellion and to bring it *to an end*. In this context, the one specific **sin** is the rejection of **Messiah**. In the last three days of **the Great Tribulation (Hosea 6:1-3)**, **Isra'el** will pray a national prayer of confession (see the commentary on **Revelation Ev - The Basis of the Second Coming of Jesus Christ**). This will mark the end of **the transgression** mentioned in **9:24b**. **Isra'el** will repent of **her** rejection of **Yeshua's Messiahship**, and when **the nation** does, the transgression will be permanently abolished (**Isaiah 59:20; Romans 11:26**).

**2. To put an end to sin (9:24c):** The Hebrew word for **to put an end**, *chatam*, means *to seal up or to be locked up*. It derives from a root that means *to shut up or to restrain*. It refers to the act of locking someone up securely with the result that the person is not permitted to roam at will. The modern Hebrew word for "prison" or "jail" comes from this old Hebrew term. **To put an end to sin**. Hence, **Gabri'el** used a strong word to describe the decisive restraining of **sin** that the **Seventy Sevens** would accomplish. The Hebrew word for **sin** here means *to miss the mark of a set standard*. The unsaved Gentiles who survive **the Great Tribulation** will continue to **sin** during **the Messianic Kingdom**. But the daily **sins** of **Isra'el** will be **put to an end** at **Messiah's** Second Coming (**Isaiah 27:9; Jeremiah 31:31-34; Ezekiel 36:25-27, 37:23; and Romans 11:20-27**). It will not be necessary in the Kingdom for one **Jew** to say to another **Jew**, "**Know ADONAI,**" **for they will all know Him, from the least to the greatest**. In summary, the first two purposes of **the Seventy Sevens** will result in the abolition of a specific **Jewish** national **transgression** as well as the cessation of the **sins** of daily life.<sup>303</sup>

**3. To make atonement for iniquity (9:24d):** The verb **to atone**, the Hebrew word *kaphar*, means *to cover*. The word **for iniquity**, from the Hebrew

*awal*, means *failure to fulfill the standard of righteousness or lack of integrity*. *Kapar* is the main word for **atonement** in the TaNaKh. Yom Kippur is in view here (see my commentary on **Exodus Go - The Day of Atonement**). On that day **ADONAI** provided a just basis on which **He** could deal with guilty people. The mercy seat was the place of propitiation. The word propitiation means *to satisfy*. And it was at the mercy seat that **God's** wrath against **sin** was *atoned for, or satisfied*. At that time the high priest would sprinkle the blood of a goat over the mercy seat, when this was done **then ADONAI's** wrath against the **iniquity** of the nation was *satisfied*. The means by which **Isra'el's** national and daily **sins** of rejecting **the Messiah** will be removed is by **the atonement**. The word iniquity refers to the **sin** nature. Therefore, the program of **the Seventy Sevens** is a cleansing of **Isra'el** that will include the removal of three things: first, the national **sin** of rejecting **Yeshua's Messiahship**; second, daily **sins**; and third, dealing with the **sin** nature itself.<sup>304</sup>

**4. To bring in everlasting righteousness (9:24e):** The next three accomplishments deal with the positive aspects of **God's** program as a result of **the Great Tribulation**. Being *satisfied* with the atoning death of **Messiah, ADONAI** will **bring in everlasting righteousness**. The Hebrew term for **everlasting**, *olam*, means *long duration*. The English translation implies the sense of eternity, but that's not what the Hebrew term means. Rather, *olam* refers *to an age*. So, the purpose of **the Seventy Sevens** is to bring in an age of **righteousness**. This is a prophecy that **the Lord** will establish an age characterized by **righteousness**. Several passages in **Isaiah** and **Jeremiah** show this age of **righteousness** in **the Messianic Kingdom (Isaiah 1:26, 11:2-5, 32:17; Jeremiah 23:5-6, 33:15-18)**. **Dani'el** thought **the Kingdom** would be set up immediately after **the seventy-years** of captivity; now he is told that this will not occur after **seventy-years**, but after **Seventy Sevens**, or 490 years.<sup>305</sup>

**5. To seal up vision and prophecy (9:24f):** All that **YHVH** said through **the prophets** about what **He** would do in fulfilling **His** covenant with **Isra'el** will be fully realized in **the Messianic Kingdom**. The Hebrew word **to seal up**, *chatam*, means *to enclose something authoritatively, hiding it from view and showing that its functions are completed*.<sup>306</sup> It is used to show that both **the vision** and **the prophecy** will completely cease. The Hebrew term for **vision**, *chazon*, refers to divine communication in **a vision** or through **an oracle**. In other words, it refers to an *oral prophecy*. The Hebrew term for **prophecy**,

*navi*, means *spokesman, speaker, or prophet*. In other words, it refers to *written prophecy*. **Gabri'el** declared that there would be an end to both *oral* and *written prophecy*. When **the Messianic Kingdom** comes, then all **the prophecies** concerning the nation of **Isra'el** will be completed.<sup>307</sup>

**6. And to anoint the most holy (9:24g):** The Hebrew actually reads: **And to anoint the most holy place**. It does not point to a **most holy Person, Messiah**, but a **most** (*kodesh*, singular) **holy** (*kodashim*, plural) *place*. In Hebrew, there is a repetition for the term *kodesh*, meaning *apartness* or *sacredness*. Thus, the phrase reads *holy holies*. Yet this is not a reference to the Most Holy place of the Temple, where the phrase is slightly different. There it is written as *kodesh ha'kodashim*, as seen in **Exodus 26:33**. Therefore, **the most holy** mentioned by **Gabri'el** does not refer to the Most Holy Place, but more generally to a holy place, namely, **the Temple**. We must remember that the context of **Dani'el's** prophecy is **the Messianic Kingdom**. So this **Temple** would not be the First Temple of Solomon, nor the Second Temple of Zerubbabel, and surely not the Third Temple of the Tribulation (see the commentary on **Revelation Bx - The Tribulation Temple**). More specifically, it is the Fourth Temple, **the Messianic Kingdom Temple**, built by **the Lord Himself** (see the commentary on **Jeremiah Gs - God Shows a Vision of the Messianic Temple**). At the return of **Messiah** and the establishment of **the Messianic Kingdom**, all six purposes of **the Seventy Sevens** will have been accomplished.<sup>308</sup>

**The starting point of the Seventy Sevens (9:25):** **Know and understand** that **from the issuing of the decree to restore and rebuild Jerusalem until the Anointed One** (Hebrew: *mashiach*), **the ruler** (Hebrew: *nagid*), **comes, there will be 7 sevens, and 62 sevens. The Messiah is the One** who is expected to come in fulfillment of **the Davidic Covenant** (see the commentary on **the Life of David Ct - The LORD's Covenant with David**), which guaranteed this ruler an eternal **Kingdom** to **David** through a **Seed** who **Himself** would be eternal. This promise was confirmed by **Dani'el 7:13-14. Therefore, the 490-year period, or Seventy Sevens, is then divided into three units: 7 sevens, 62 sevens, which run concurrently and make up the first 69 sevens (or 483 years), and then, finally, 1 seven (for a total of 490 years), leading up to the coming of Messiah.**

**The first 69 sevens:** **Know and understand that from the issuing of the decree to restore and rebuild Jerusalem (9:25a):** This begins the starting point

to **the Seventy Sevens** period. The first unit, **the 7 sevens**, a total of 49 years, refers to the time it took to **restore and rebuild Jerusalem**. On March 14, 445 BC **King Artakh'shasta** gave permission to **Nehemiah** to **rebuild the walls of Jerusalem**, which **restored the Holy City** (see the commentary on **Ezra-Nehemiah Bw - The Decree to Rebuild Jerusalem**). As far as **the coming of the Messiah**, the Julian date of the tenth of Nisan was Sunday April 6<sup>th</sup>, 32 AD (see the commentary on **The Life of Christ It - Jesus' Triumphal Entry into Jerusalem as the Passover Lamb**). The interval between **the decree of King Artakh'shasta** and **Palm Sunday** contained exactly, *to the very day*, 173,880 days, or 7 times 69 prophetic years of 360 days, the first **69 sevens**, or 483 years of **Dani'el's prophecy**.<sup>309</sup>

**Until the Anointed One, the Ruler, comes there will be 7 sevens and 62 sevens** for a total of **70 Sevens (9:25b)**: The end or goal of the prophecy was the appearance of **the Anointed One, the Ruler. Yeshua Messiah** will be anointed as **Ruler of His Messianic Kingdom** (see the commentary on **Revelation Fi - The Government of the Messianic Kingdom**). The prophecy of **the Seventy Sevens** does not end with **Yeshua's** First Coming, but with **His** Second Coming and the establishment of **His thousand-year Messianic Kingdom**.

**It will be rebuilt with streets and a trench (9:25c)**: Though **Nehemiah's** wall construction project took only 52 days, many years may have been needed to remove **the City's** debris after being left desolate for so many decades. They needed to rebuild adequate housing, and rebuild the **streets and a trench**, probably for **Yerushalayim's** fortification.

**But in times of trouble (9:25d)**: This continued construction was carried out in the face of **trouble** and opposition. **Ezra's** trouble in building holiness in **the people** are seen in **Ezra 9** and **10**, and **Nehemiah's** opposition to **building the walls** is presented in **Nehemiah 4:1-23, 6:1-14, 9:36-37**. **Nehemiah** also experienced **trouble** in building up **the people** spiritually in **Nehemiah 13**.<sup>310</sup>

**After saying exactly how many years would transpire before the Messiah's First Coming in Verse 25, Dani'el now told of the events coming between His First Coming (the 69<sup>th</sup> Seven), and His Second Coming (the 70<sup>th</sup> Seven) in verse 26. During this gap of time, three events will take place.**

**First, The Anointed One will be cut off (9:26a)**: According to **Gabri'el**, the first event in the time gap between **the 69<sup>th</sup>** and **70<sup>th</sup> seven** would be the murder of

**the Messiah.** The Hebrew term for **be cut off**, *karat*, means *to cut down*. It is used in **Genesis 15:18** to describe the formation of a covenant. The sacrificed animals were cut into pieces, and the parties of the covenant walked between them. As a result of this action, the covenant was signed. The word *karat* is used for the death penalty in **Leviticus 7:20**. In passages such as **Psalms 109:13** and **Nahum 3:15**, the term has the connotation of a violent death. This is also the meaning here in Dani'el, where the term refers to the murder of **Yeshua**. Next, **Gabri'el** stated that **the Messiah** would **have nothing**. The Hebrew term for **nothing**, *ayin*, means *nothingness*, which highlights **Messiah's** condition. After **His** death, **He** had no earthly kingdom or a throne. **He** had **nothing**. The significance of **Gabri'el's** first point here should not be missed. The book of **Dani'el** was written in the sixth century BC, and predicted not only the exact time of **Messiah's** First Coming, but also the nature of **His** death.<sup>311</sup>

**Second, The people of the ruler, the antichrist, will come and destroy the City and the Sanctuary (9:26b).** The word **people** in the Hebrew text has the definite article. It is *the people*, the specific **people**, who are the subject of the action. In other words, it is not **the ruler who will destroy the city and the sanctuary**, but rather **the people of the ruler**. The point here is that the nationality of **the people and the ruler** are the same. **The ruler who will come**, in this context is **the antichrist** of whom **Dani'el** has already spoken of in **Chapters 7 and 8**. After **Messiah** was **cut off** the Romans destroyed **the city and the sanctuary** in AD 70. Since **the antichrist** must be of the same nationality as **the people who** destroyed **the city and the people**, the Bible teaches that **the antichrist** will be a Gentile. **The people of the ruler** were not all Romans. Certainly in the years of the Roman Republic and the early years of the Roman Empire, most of the officers and soldiers in the Roman army were Romans, if not Roman citizens. But as the Empire grew in size, the city of Rome and its citizenry could not supply enough men to make up the whole of the Roman army. Rome would allow citizens of conquered nations to join the Roman army, but simply being in the Roman army did not make one a Roman. Then **Dani'el** states that **the end will come like a flood (9:26c)**. When the figure of **a flood** is used symbolically in the Bible, it always is a symbol of a military invasion. **Jerusalem** was destroyed by a Roman military invasion, first under Vespasian and then under Titus.<sup>312</sup>

**And third, War will continue until the end, and desolations have been decreed (9:26d):** For the remainder of the gap of time between the **69<sup>th</sup> seven** and the **70<sup>th</sup> seven**, **the Land** will be characterized by **war**. This prophecy has

certainly been true throughout the history of the Middle East. As a result of these wars, **desolations** have occurred as **decreed**, or determined, by **YHVH**. The third unit of the **70 sevens** will be the last **seven-year** period, **the Great Tribulation**, or **the end**.

**And the antichrist will confirm a covenant with many for 1 seven.** The signing of **the seven-year covenant** between **the antichrist** and **the nation of Isra'el** will start **the Great Tribulation**. **In the middle of that 1 seven he will put an end to sacrifice and offering. And on the wings he will set up an abomination that causes desolation, until the end that is decreed is poured out on him (9:27).** The **70<sup>th</sup> seven** is the **seven** years of **the Great Tribulation**. In **verse 27** these **seven** years are subdivided into two equal halves of three-and-a-half years. They are described differently in the books of **Dani'el** and **Revelation**. Sometimes each half is referred to as **1,260 days (Revelation 12:6)**; sometimes as **42 months (Revelation 11:2)**; and also **a time, times and half a time (Dani'el 7:25)**. Since there will be a period of time between the **69<sup>th</sup> seven** and the **70<sup>th</sup> seven**, what will be the sign that will begin the last **seven-year** period?

**And he (9:27a):** The pronoun **he** goes back to its nearest antecedent, or **the ruler who will come**, in **verse 26**. **He is the antichrist**, who was identified as the **little horn (Dani'el 7:8, 19-25, 8:23-25)**. Since **Dani'el** has described **the antichrist** twice before and will again (**Dani'el 11:36-45**), it is not surprising that **he** would be brought back into the picture here.<sup>189</sup> **The antichrist will confirm a covenant with many for 1 seven (9:27b):** This **will** be the sign that **the Great Tribulation** has begun. **The ruler who will come will confirm a covenant with many.** The Hebrew word **confirm** does not mean to renew an existing **covenant**, but to make a new agreement with firm guarantees. It will be a firm commitment. The Hebrew word **many** has a definite article, meaning *the many*. *The specific many, the Jews* who will enter into **a firm covenant** with **the antichrist** that will begin the last **seven** years of **Dani'el's 70<sup>th</sup> seven**. **Two-thirds of the nation of Isra'el** will die in the worldwide persecution during **the Time of Jacob's Trouble**.<sup>190</sup> The Bible teaches that the Rapture will happen before **the Great Tribulation**, but it never teaches that the Rapture *starts* it.

**In the middle of the seven he will put an end to sacrifice and offering (9:27c):** After the first three-and-a-half years **the antichrist** will break **his covenant** with **Isra'el**. **He** will forcibly put an end to the ongoing sacrificial system

in **the Tribulation Temple (Revelation 11:1-2)**.

**And on the wings he will set up an abomination that causes desolation (9:27d, also see 11:31b):** The phrase **on the wings** is taken from the Hebrew root word *kanap*, which means *to cover over*, and as in **Isaiah 8:8** definitely has the idea of *overspreading* in a destructive sense. Therefore, in the middle of **the Great Tribulation**, the false prophet will **set up an image of the antichrist (Revelation 13:14b)**. The false prophet will be **given power** by Satan **to give** apparent life **to the image of the antichrist, so that it could speak**, deceiving many. Where **the One True God** dwelt between **the overspreading wings of the cherubim** on the mercy seat, Satan will foolishly try to take **His** place. **The antichrist** will cause **desolation** because for the next **42 months he** will attempt to destroy **the Jews**. **He** will attempt to finish what Hitler could not accomplish: genocide of the nation of **Isra'el**. It will be **his** final solution to the thorn that has always been on the side of **the Adversary, the Jewish people**.

**Until the end that is decreed is poured out on him (9:27e):** God has determined that these things will come about long ago (**Isaiah 10:23** and **28:22**). The end of the **70<sup>th</sup> seven** will not go one single day beyond its predetermined duration (**Mattityahu 24:22**). At **the end of the Great Tribulation**, on the last day of the campaign of Armageddon, **Yeshua Himself** will kill **the antichrist (Habakkuk 3:13b; Second Thessalonians 2:8)**. The judgment that has been **decreed** upon **him** will be **poured out** on that day.

**While Dani'el 9:27 presents the covenant that begins the Great Tribulation from man's perspective, Isaiah 28:14-22 presents the same covenant from God's perspective. So, hear the word of ADONAI, you scoffers who rule these people in Jerusalem (Isaiah 28:14).** Ha'Shem calls the **Jewish leadership scoffers** and considers them mockers rather than godly leaders. The next verse explains why.

**You boast mightily: We have entered into a covenant with death, with the grave we have made an agreement. When an overwhelming scourge sweeps by, it cannot touch us, for we have made a lie our refuge and falsehood our hiding place (Isaiah 28:15).** The leaders of **Isra'el** think that by entering into this agreement with **the antichrist they** will escape the coming **overwhelming scourge**. Whenever used symbolically, the figure of a flood is always a symbol of a military invasion. So **they** think by entering into this **covenant, they** will be free from any further military invasions. But **YHVH** states

that it will not be a **covenant** of life, but a **covenant** of **death**. It will not be a **covenant** from heaven, but a **covenant** from sh'ol. Rather than obtaining security, **they** will only gain insecurity. There is a common misconception that **Isra'el** will accept **the antichrist** as **Messiah**. The Bible does not teach that. Instead, **Isra'el** will make a **covenant** with **him** and place **their** security in that agreement. But there will be a believing remnant, faithful **Isra'el**, that will refuse to place **their** security anywhere but in **ADONAI**. But **Isra'el** will never accept **him** as **the Messiah**.

**So this is what Adonai ELOHIM says: I am laying in Zion a tested stone, a costly cornerstone, a firm foundation-stone; the one who trusts will never be dismayed (Isaiah 28:16).** This verse assures us that there will be a believing remnant of **Jews** who refuse to have anything to do with the **covenant of death**. This **remnant's** security is not in a **covenant**, but its security is in a **costly cornerstone for a sure foundation**. According to **Romans 9:33** and **First Peter 2:6-8**, this **stone** is **Christ**. **Jesus** states that **He** is the **costly cornerstone** that the Church would be built upon (see my commentary on [The Life of Christ Ex - On This Rock I Will Build My Church](#)). And **the gates of Sh'ol, the Jewish expression for death, could not overcome it**. If you put your faith in **Yeshua**, you **will never be** disappointed.

Then in **Isaiah 28:17-22**, the same **three results** are found as in **Dani'el 9:27**. **The first result** will be the breaking of **the covenant** by **the antichrist** in **Isaiah**, followed by the military invasions **they** had hoped to escape. **I will make justice the measuring line and righteousness the plumb line; hail will sweep away your refuge, and water will overflow your hiding place. Your covenant with death will be annulled; your agreement with the grave will not stand. When the overwhelming scourge sweeps by, you will be beaten down by it (Isaiah 28:17-18).**

In **the second result**, **sheer terror** will fall upon **the Jewish people**. **Isaiah 28:15** teaches that **they** entered the **covenant** because of security, but in **Isaiah 28:19**, there will be invasion, and in **Isaiah 28:20**, there will be a lack of preparedness both militarily and spiritually. **As often as it comes it will carry you away; morning after morning, by day and by night, it will sweep through. The understanding of this message will bring sheer terror. The bed is too short to stretch out on, the blanket too narrow to wrap around you (Isaiah 28:19-20).** Instead of security, **they** will have insecurity.

**The third result** is the wrath of **Ha'Shem**. **ADONAI** will rise up as he did at **Mount Perazim**, He will rouse himself as in the **Valley of Gibeon** - to do His work, His strange work, and perform His task, His alien task. Now stop your mocking, or your chains will become heavier; for I have heard from **Adonai ELOHIM-Tzvaot** that **destruction is decreed for the whole land (Isaiah 28:21-22)**. Of the many names that we have in Scripture for **the Great Tribulation**, **Isaiah** gives us two of them in **Isaiah 28:21**. They are **ADONAI's strange work**, and **ADONAI's strange act (KJV)**. The reason it is a **strange work** and a **strange act** is seen in **Isaiah 28:22**; it is a **decree** of destruction **against the whole world**. As a result, of the making of the **covenant** back in **Isaiah 14-15**, as in **Dani'el 9:27**, an announcement of **destruction** is contained in the sealed **scroll** of **Revelation** (see **Revelation Ck - The Seven Seals of the Lamb**). Once those **seven seals** are broken, one by one, the judgment of the earth begins. By the time **the Great Tribulation** ends, the earth will be in total chaos and despair. Therefore, once the **covenant** is signed, **the Great Tribulation** and the destruction will begin.<sup>313</sup>

*Dear heavenly **Father**, all praise and honor belong to **You**, loving and wise almighty **Sovereign Ruler** of the Universe, who so graciously paid by **Messiah's blood**, the great price to redeem the earth back from under Satan's control. Thank **You** for the mercy shown in **the Great Tribulation**; for even in the midst of the trials, **You** are always there and **You** never leave people without a witness that calls people to trust in **You: 144,000 sealed servants from every tribe, the Two Witnesses**, and the messages of **the three angels**. Repentance is what **You** look for in each heart. Even in the midst of **the Great Tribulation** **You** hold open the door of repentance to all who will choose to follow **You** as their **Lord and Savior**.*

*Thank **You** so much for paying the price to redeem earth thru **Messiah's blood**. Thank you also for your purifying work during **the Tribulation**. **Messiah** will open the seals of the scroll of redemption to purify the earth, reign for 1,000 years, and then create a fantastic new heaven and earth. Then **I saw a new heaven and a new earth; for the first heaven and the first earth had passed away, and the sea was no more. "Behold, the dwelling of God is among men, and He shall tabernacle among them. They shall be His people, and God Himself shall be among them and be their God. He shall wipe away every tear from their eyes, and death shall be no more. Nor shall there be mourning or crying or pain any longer, for the former things have passed away."***



**(Revelation 21:1, 3b-4). You** are such a wise and loving heavenly **Father!** In **Messiah's** holy **Name** and the power of **His** resurrection. Amen