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## Who May Eat the Sacred Offerings

### 22: 10-16

Who may eat the sacred offerings DIG: Who could eat the sacred offerings? Who was prohibited from eating it? What would happen if someone ate it accidentally? Where was the mitzvot of the priest's daughter? Why wasn't the death penalty imposed for violators?

REFLECT: What happens to us at the moment of faith? Who is supposed to partake of the sacred food today? Who should not partake of it? Why? Who is our Great High Priest? Do you feel like a priest of the Most High God? Does Scripture overrule your feelings on that?

**Our adoption into the family of God allows us to eat at the Lord's table.**

The regulations limiting **the food of the sacred offerings** (to see [link lick Ah](#) - **The Offerings from the People's Perspective**) to members of a **priest's** family resemble those who may **not eat** of **the Passover**. **"But if anyone has a slave he bought for money, when you have circumcised him, he may eat it. Neither a traveler (Hebrew: *tosab*) nor a hired servant may eat it"** (Exodus 12:44-45).



**Who may (and who may not) eat the sacred offerings (22:10-13): No one who is not a priest may eat anything holy, nor may a tenant or employee of a priest eat**

**anything holy (22:10).** Note the **tenant** (Hebrew: *tosab*) here in **22:10** and the **traveler** in **Exodus 12:45** translate the same Hebrew word *tosab*. Therefore, the offering to the **God** of the Passover as the family celebrated the feast, transfers to **the sacred offerings** of **Isra'el**, and **they** become available to the **priest's** family and the permanent **bondservant** (see **Cz - The Hebrew Slave**). **But if a priest acquires a slave** who ends up being a **bondservant, either through purchase or through his being born in his household, he may share his food (22:11).** A **bondservant** in a Jewish home is also required to be circumcised (**Genesis 3:17:12-13**). Presumably **the slave** received the privilege of becoming a member of the household and being attached to the **priest's** family in a way that other ordinary workers were not.

**A priest's daughter** who **married** outside **the priesthood** must not eat of **the food, the sacred offerings**, because **she** no longer fell within the responsibility of **her father's** household. **If the daughter of a priest is married to a man who is not a priest, she is not to have a share of the food set aside from the sacred offerings. But if the daughter of a priest is a widow or divorcee, and she is sent back to her father's house as when she was young, she may share in her father's food; but no unauthorized person is to share in it (22:12-13).** But there is one exception, **she** must have **no children** from the marriage. This suggests that any such "seed" compromises **her** complete loyalty to **her father's** household. In such a case, **her** children continue the line of **her** husband, and his family assumes the responsibility of **her** well-being and that of **her** family. Compare **21:14-15**, where the offspring constitute the rationale for prohibiting **the high priest** from **marrying a widow or divorced woman.**<sup>397</sup>

**Eating a sacred offering by mistake (22:14):** This verse envisions the possibility that someone may accidentally **eat** of **the sacred offerings**. This could easily happen if a person ate **food** grown in **Isra'el** which had not yet been tithed.<sup>398</sup> In such a case, **the** reparation offering (see **Am - The Guilt Offering: Evidence of Repentance**) must be used to overcome **the guilt**. **If a person eats holy food by mistake, he must add one-fifth to it and give the holy food to the priest.** This normally involved **a ram** and an additional **20 percent** restitution. But the requirement of **the ram** was replaced with the demand to return to **YHVH** the equivalent of **the food eaten.**<sup>399</sup>

**The Pharisees** took special precaution in this regard, refusing to **eat food** unless **they** were certain **it** had been already tithed on. **They** even tithed **a tenth of their spices - mint, dill and cumin (Matthew 23:23a)**, before **eating** any of **them**. **The Master** agreed with **their** concern for keeping the mitzvah, but condemned **them** for ignoring the weightier matters of the Torah (see the commentary on **The Life of Christ Jd - Seven**

## **Woes on the Torah-Teachers and the Pharisees).**

The pharisaic necessity to be certain that all **food** was properly tithed forced **them** to **eat** only within **their** own fellowships where those concerns could be monitored. However, when **Messiah** sent out **His disciples**, **He** dismissed this stringency saying: **Eat what is set before you** (see [The Life of Christ Gv - Jesus Sends Out the Seventy](#)).

Nevertheless, the principle is one of placing the things of the Kingdom before our own needs. The tithe and **priestly** portions must be separated out first. So too, the priorities of the Kingdom must be set ahead of our own. **Seek first His Kingdom and His righteousness, and all these things will be given to you as well** (Matthew 6:33).<sup>400</sup>

**Summary: the priest's responsibility (22:15-16):** These verses warn that the lack of care when **eating the sacred offerings** could lead to **profaning them**. In this case, however, the result envisions the need for a payment of restitution rather than **death** as in 22:3 and 9. **They are not to treat the sacred offerings** as everyday items, thus **profaning them** by allowing common **Israelites** to **eat them**. **The priests** had a special responsibility to guard **the LORD's holy things**. Doing so meant that **they** were actually protecting **the Israelites** from sin (see the commentary on [First Corinthians By - Issues Surrounding the Lord's Supper](#)). **ADONAI's** shepherds are responsible for the spiritual well-being of their sheep (**Malachi 2:7-8; Acts 20:28; First Timothy 4:16; Hebrews 13:17**). If **they** failed to do so, it would cause **the common Israelites** to **bear their guilt requiring a guilt offering** (see above).<sup>401</sup> Why should **the Israelites** obey these mitzvot? **Because I am ADONAI, who sets them apart to live in a holy manner.**

Once we are **adopted** into **the Body of Messiah** (see [The Life of Christ Bw - What God Does For Us at the Moment of Faith](#)), **Yeshua Messiah** becomes our **Great High Priest** (see the commentary on [Hebrews Ay - Messiah's Qualifications as our Great High Priest](#)), and we can partake of **the holy food of the Lord's Supper: the bread** (see [The Life of Christ Kj - Breaking the Middle Matzah](#)) and **the wine/grape juice** (see [The Life of Christ Kk - The Third Cup of Redemption](#)) because we are **a kingdom of priests**. The Bible tells us that **we are a chosen race, a royal priesthood, a holy nation, a people for God's own possession, that we may proclaim the excellencies of Him who called us out of the darkness into His marvelous light (First Peter 2:9), and made us a kingdom of priests to His God and Father, to Him be glory and dominion forever and ever. Amen (Revelation 1:6)**. However, those who are not believers, like those who were not from **the household of priests (22:10-13)**, should not partake of **the Lord's supper**, for they are not of **the family of faith**.

Dear Heavenly **Father**, Praise **You** that **You** are always **Holy**! Thank you that **Your Holy Ruach** lives inside **Your** children to help us live **holy** lives and conqueror temptations (**First Corinthians 10:13**). Sometimes we hear so much about **Your** great **love**, which is a fantastic steadfast **love**, that we forget our part of the covenant is to **love You** back. Receiving **Your** gift of **love** happens by someone moving beyond intellectual agreement. They **love** you so much for forgiving their sin that they eagerly follow **You** as their **Lord** and **Savior (Romans 10:9-10)**.

Knowing about you is wonderful, but head knowledge can never unite any two people. Being one in union takes a heart of **love**. Someone may like someone else, but that is not being one in union with them. Your purpose and plan, which you set forth **in Messiah** for all who love you, is to unite them into one with **Him**. **For those who will believe in me through their word, that they may all be one, just as you, Father, are in Me, and I in You, that they also may be in us, I in them and You in Me, that they may become perfectly one, so that the world may know that You sent Me and loved them even as You loved Me (John 17:20b-21b, 23)**.

How gracious **You** are that **You** open the door of union with **You**, to **Jews and Gentiles**. **There is neither Jew nor Greek, there is neither slave nor free, there is no male and female, for you are all one in Christ Jesus (Galatians 2:28)**. But now in **Messiah Yeshua** you who once were far off have been brought near by the blood of **Messiah** . . . **For through him we both have access in one Spirit to the Father (Ephesians 2:13, 18)**. We are so thrilled to be united to **You** in **Messiah** and we desire to live our lives pleasing to **You**, honoring **You** with holy living, with hearts quick and eager to obey and actions that lift up **Your** holy **Name**. In **Yeshua's** holy **Name** and power of **His** resurrection. Amen