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Ahithophel Commits Suicide

Second Samuel 17: 17-23

Ahithophel commits suicide DIG: How does Ahithophel strike you and why? Odd? Predictable? Just desserts? Tragic? Comic? Better him than David? An answer to David's prayer? Meanwhile, how did delaying Absalom's attack benefit David? How did God use the wife of a man in Bahurim? What does that teach us about spontaneous acts of service? What did hanging on a tree signify to an Israelite (Deuteronomy 21:23)?

REFLECT: What "hiding place" ministry will you conduct to protect innocent people, as the man and his wife in Bahurim? On the other hand, perhaps you are like Ahithophel: Where are you looking for an "easy victory" in a tough situation? How strong is your desire for the approval of others? Where have you failed to live up to Godly expectations placed on you by yourself or others? What gets you feeling depressed, even suicidal at times? What do you do with those feelings? How can the Holy Spirit help you overcome such tendencies of Ahithophel? What can we learn from the way Ahithophel's life came to an end?

977 BC

This is part of a 24-hour period starting at 15:13 and extending all the way to 17:23.

David's spy system was working like a fine tuned machine. **Hushai** relayed **Ahithophel's** plan (**to see link click [Dy - Ahithophel is Describe in Glowing Terms](#)**) to **Zadok and Abiathar**, then a female servant traveled the short distance from **Tziyon** to **En Rogel**, where **Jonathan and Ahimaaz were staying**. **En Rogel**, meaning *Washerman's Spring*, comes from a Hebrew root that elsewhere means *spy*. It forms a wordplay on the mutual *spying* and intrigue that take place throughout these chapters between **Absalom's** men and **David's** men.⁴²⁹ **The female servant was to go and inform Jonathan and Ahimaaz, and they were to go and tell King David, for they could not risk being seen entering the City. But in spite of their caution a young man saw them in El Rogel and, wanting to impress the new king, told Absalom. So the two of them left at once and went to the house of a man in Bahurim**, about two miles away, who must have been a known

supporter of **David**. At this point, the account reads like the story of the two spies recorded in **Joshua 2** where **Rahab** hid **the two spies** under stalks of flax on the roof of **her** house. Here, **the man in Bahurim had a well in his courtyard, and they climbed down into it. His wife took a cloth and spread it out over the opening of the well and scattered grain over it** as if drying **the grain** in the sun. The ruse worked and **no one knew anything about Jonathan and Ahimaaz in the well (Second Samuel 17:17-19).**

When Absalom's men came to the woman at the house, they asked: Where are Ahimaaz and Jonathan? The woman answered: They crossed over the brook. The woman lied in this case, but it was a lie to save **their** lives, the lives of **David** and **the people** who fled with **him**. **The men searched but found no one, so they returned to Jerusalem. After they had gone, the two climbed out of the well and went to inform King David. They said to him, "Set out and cross the river [Jordan] at once; Ahithophel has advised such and such against you."** Sensing that there was no time to lose, **David and all the people with him set out and crossed the Jordan**, which put **him** out of danger of any surprise attack. **By daybreak, no one was left who had not crossed the Jordan** under the cover of darkness (**Second Samuel 17:20-22**). So whatever **Absalom** decided, **Hushai's** advice had saved **David**. This distance between **himself** and **Absalom** gave **David** the time and the room to maneuver. **Absalom's men** returned to **Yerushalayim** empty-handed, but **Absalom** didn't see **their** failure as a serious problem. How wrong **he** was!⁴³⁰

This was not the first time **a woman** had lied to save **David (Second Samuel 19:17)**, or the people of **Isra'el (Joshua 2:4-7)**. This episode does not advance the story line. But it does articulate that **David** had a daring, effective intelligence network and had great support among the people. It also emphasizes **God's** protective care over **David**. **Victory is not given to the quick or the strong but to the chosen (Proverbs 21:30-31)**. Nevertheless, **David** should not have been underestimated, as **he** was by **Absalom**.⁴³¹



The fact that **David** got across **the Jordan** put an end to **Ahithophel's** plan to capture **the king** before **he** could reach the Transjordan. By this delay, **Absalom** had forfeited the advantage and **Ahithophel** could see the handwriting on the wall - and **he** saw doom written all over it. As a seasoned strategist, **Ahithophel** knew given time to regroup, **David's** crack troops would decimate **Absalom's** forces, after which **he** would be executed for the traitor **he** was.⁴³² **When Ahithophel saw that his advice had not been followed, he saddled his donkey and set out for his house in his hometown.** Calmly **he** accepted the situation and resolved what **he** would do. A deliberate and practical **man** to the very end, **he put his house in order and then hanged himself.** **He** had risked everything in **his** defection and this was **his** reward. So just as **Ahithophel** had betrayed an anointed **king** of Isra'el and ended up hanging **himself**, so also would **the betrayer** of another **Anointed King** come to the same shameful end (see commentary on **The Life of Christ Lm - Judas Hangs Himself**).⁴³³ **So he died and was buried in his father's tomb (Second Samuel 17:23).** **He** could not have known that **YHVH** defeated **him**.

Ahithophel's end is a sign of what will happen to all the enemies of **Ha'Shem** and **His** Kingdom. You cannot attack the Kingdom of **God** without - sooner or later - being crushed by the power of **God**. The Ahithophels and Adolfs, the Hamans and Himmlers, the Sennacheribs and Stalins all perish and rot in the junk yards of history because **ADONAI-Tzva'ot** stands guard over **His Kingdom** and its subjects.⁴³⁴