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Jesus Raises a Widow's Son

Luke 7: 11-17

Jesus raises a widow's son DIG: In Second Kings 4:8-37 it tells us that Shunem and Nain are very close to each other. In light of that, why did Christ perform this miracle in this particular town? What was the significance of this woman being a widow? Of this being her only son? What did He reveal about Himself? What drew Jesus to this funeral procession?

REFLECT: What does this story, and that of the faith of the centurion in the previous file, tell us about Jesus? How does His love and authority make a difference for you? When will you hear His voice? When was the last time you experienced the Lord's compassion? When has the Yeshua ha-Meshiach restored something for you that you never thought you could get back?

The early spring in Galilee was surely the truest realization of the picture in **the Song of Solomon**, when the earth dressed herself beautifully and the air sang songs of new life. It seemed as if each day brought a widening circle of power on the part of **the Lord**; as if each day also brought fresh surprise and new gladness. The day before it was the sorrow of the Gentile centurion that stirred the heart of **the Supreme Commander of life and death**. Today it is the same sorrow of a Jewish **mother**, which touched the heart of **the Son of Miryam**. In that **Presence**, grief and death could not continue. It didn't matter if **He** had to go into a Gentile's house or had to touch **a dead body** - neither could defile **Him**.

Soon afterward healing the centurion's servant, **Jesus** left Capernaum and **went to a town called Nain (Luke 7:11a)**. It was about twenty-five miles, but, even walking the whole way there would be no difficulty in reaching **Nain** by afternoon when funerals often took place. Various roads lead to, and from **Nain**; that which stretches to the Sea of Galilee and up to Capernaum is clearly marked.



And at that time, **Messiah's apostles and a large crowd went along with Him.** But, as **He approached the town gate, a dead person was being carried out - the only son of his mother, and she was a widow.** And a large crowd from the town was with her also (**Luke 7:11b-12**). As the two processions approached each other on the narrow road, the question was who would give way to the other? We know what ancient Jewish custom would have demanded. For, of all the sacred duties, none was more strictly enforced than that of comforting the mourners and showing respect to the dead by accompanying the procession to the burial. The popular idea that the spirit of **the dead** hovered near the unburied remains for three days, must have given intensity to such feelings.

We can only imagine the scene, the watchful anxiety, and the deepening care, the passionate longing of a mother to retain **her** one treasure. The loss of an **only son** was especially bitter. After **she** lost **her** husband, then **her son** would support **her** (under the Torah), but, when **her son** died **she** had lost **her** livelihood and would be reduced to living the rest of her life as a beggar. After the burial, there would be the gradual fading out of the light, the farewell, and then the terrible burst of sorrow.

And now all that was left for **the mother** to do was to sit on the ground and moan. Before the funeral **she** would not eat meat, nor drink wine. What little **she** ate in the house of a neighbor, or in another room, **she** ate it with **her** back to **her dead son**. Devout friends would help **her** with the funeral arrangements. Since it was deemed a duty for the poorest Jew to provide at least two shofars and one mourning woman, we can be sure that **the widowed mother** would not have neglected what was considered the last token of affection.

The day that **she** had dreaded had come. **She** was in so much pain **she** didn't know if **she** could continue. The well-known blast of the horn had carried its news that once more the angel of Death had carried out his terrible job. The mournful procession started from the desolate home. Once outside, the funeral orator preceded the bier, proclaiming the good deeds of **the dead**. Immediately before **the dead** came the women, this being peculiar to Galilee, **the Midrash giving the reason that woman had introduced death to the**

world. Commonly, the face of **the dead body** was uncovered. As **the coffin** proceeded, barefoot **pallbearers** would, at frequent intervals, relieve each other so that as many as possible might share in the work of love. During those pauses, there was loud weeping. Behind the bier walked the relatives, **his** friends, and then **a large crowd from the town.** The last sad words had been given to **the dead. The body** had been laid on the ground; hair and nails had been cut, **the body** washed, anointed, and wrapped in the best **the widow** could afford.

Then, along the road from Capernaum streamed **a large crowd** following **the Lord of Life.** There **they** met: **Life** and **death.** But, the mourners didn't cause **Him** to stop. Nor did the **large crowd.** It was **the mother** - the look on **her** face and the redness in **her** eyes. **Messiah** knew immediately what was happening. It was **her son** who was being carried out, **her only son.** And if anyone knows the pain that comes from losing your **son,** your **only son,** **God** does.

Therefore, **the One** who was **the Man of sorrows and Himself acquainted with grief (Isaiah 53:3)** was filled with **compassion. His heart went out to her.** The verb **heart went out** translates *esplanchnisthe*, a verb used numerous times in the gospels to mean *loving concern* or *sympathy.* It is related to the noun *splanchna*, meaning *the inner parts of the body.* The noun is used ten times in the B'rit Chadashah (**Luke 1:78; Second Corinthians 6:12, 7:15; Philippians 1:8, 2:1; Colossians 3:12; Philemon 7, 12 and 20; First John 3:17).** **She** didn't notice **Him** because **she** was still weeping, but **He** came along side of **her** and said: **Don't cry (Luke 7:13).**⁶¹⁷

Then Jesus went up and touched the coffin they were carrying him on, and the bearers stood still. They couldn't imagine what would happen next. But, **the awe** of the coming miracle - as it were, the shadow of the opening gates of life, had fallen on **them.** **The miracle-working Rabbi said: Young man, I say to you, get up (Lk 7:14)! He** removed **his mother's** grief, not by a word of consolation, but, by demonstrating that **He** was indeed **the resurrection and the life (Yn 11:25).** **Jesus** is **the Red Heifer, without fault or defect,** who delivers us from **death** through **the water of purification** (see the commentary on **Numbers Df - The Red Heifer).**

The Giver of Life also spoke directly to **the brother of Mary and Martha** lying in the tomb when **He** said: **Lazarus, come out (John 11:43)! We** will hear **His** voice at the Rapture (see my commentary on **Revelation, to see link click By -The Rapture of the Church).** Scripture tells us: **For the Lord Himself will come down from heaven with a rousing cry, with a call from one of the ruling angels, and with God's shofar; those**

who died united with the Messiah will be the first to rise; then we who are the left still alive will be caught up with them in the clouds to meet the Lord in the air; and thus we will always be with the Lord (First Thessalonians 4:16-17). He is coming for us with a shout.



Instantly, **the dead man sat up and began to talk** - solid proof that **he** was truly alive. It must have seemed to **him**, as if **he** woke from a long sleep. Where was **he** now? Why was **his mother crying**? Who were those around **him**? And who was **He**, whose light and life seemed to fall upon **him**? **Jesus** was still the link between **the mother** and **the son**, who once again found each other. **And** so, in the truest sense, **Jesus gave him back to his mother (Luke 7:15)**. Is there any doubt that from that point on, that **the mother, the son and the people of Nain** trusted in **Yeshua** as the true **Messiah**?⁶¹⁸

The response to this miracle was immediate. **The large crowd from the town was filled with awe**, literally *fear took possession of all*, **and praised God**. This was not terror but holy reverence. **“A great prophet has appeared among us” they said**, no doubt thinking of the ministries of Elijah (**First Kings 17:17-24**) and Elisha (**2 Kings Chapters 1 thru 4**). **“ADONAI has come to help His people,”** is common expression in the TaNaKh describing **God’s** actions on behalf of **His people (Exodus 4:31; Ruth 1:6)**. **This news about Jesus spread throughout Judea and the surrounding country (Luke 7:16-17)**.

What would have drawn **Christ** to a funeral procession for an **only son of a widow**? Was it curiosity? Was **He** attracted by the commotion and crying, the ritual mourning that was part of Middle Eastern funerals? No. Above all else, **He** was drawn to this scene because of **the compassion** that always attracts **Him** to the sorrowful and the needy.

When **the Rabbi from Galilee** came upon a Jewish leper, **He reached out His hand and healed the man** because **He** was filled with **compassion (Mark 1:41)**. When **Yeshua** sent out **the twelve Apostles**, **He saw the crowds and He had compassion on**

them because they were harassed and helpless, like sheep without a shepherd (Matthew 9:36). When the miracle-working Rabbi fed the 5,000, He saw a large crowd following after Him, and had **compassion** on them, because they were like sheep without a shepherd (Mark 6:34). When the Chief Shepherd was passing by Bartimaeus and his friend, they cried out relentlessly for His attention: **Jesus, Son of David, have mercy on us! We want to see.** Jesus had **compassion** on them and touched their eyes, saying: **Receive your sight. Go, your faith has healed you** (Luke 18:35-43). Similarly, in this scene, it was **Messiah's compassion** for the widow that drew Him to her side.

We too were once spiritually **dead** with no hope. But, **the Prince of Life** had **compassion** on us and, through **His** death and resurrection, **He** raised us from eternal **death** to eternal life in **Him** (to see link click [Ms - The Eternal Security of the Believer](#)). Just as **the people of Nain** praised **God** when they witnessed a wonderful miracle in **their** midst, so we can rejoice and praise **ADONAI** for the great work **He** is doing in our lives. In **His mercy**, **God** chose to rescue us and draw us to **Himself**, revealing **His** love to us so that we could embrace **His** salvation: **We love because He first loved us** (First John 4:19).

Take some time in prayer today and write down the different ways you have experienced **the Lord's compassion** and tenderness. Think about the way **He** rescued you from **death** through **His** cross and gave you new life in **the Ruach**. Try to recall specific situations when you knew **His** comfort, wisdom, or strength. Look at different members of your family and consider how **God** has cared for them. As recipients of such love and grace, we are now called to share that love with those around us. Let us ask **the Spirit** to teach us to love as **Jesus** loves so that we can become ambassadors of **Christ** in this world.

*Lord, may Your **compassion** for us fill us with **compassion** for others, especially those in our families and those who have no personal knowledge of Your great love and **mercy**.*⁶¹⁹