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His Anger is For a Moment, But Joy Comes in the Morning Psalm 30: 1-12

A **psalm**, and a song, of **David** for the dedication of the Temple.

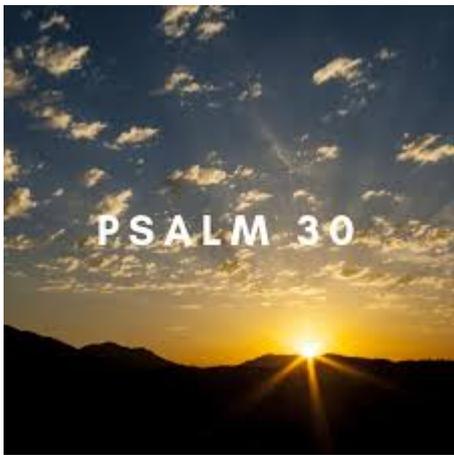
His anger is for a moment, but joy comes in the morning DIG: For what reasons does David praise God? How does he account for why ADONAI allowed this time of discipline to come about? What error did David make? What do you learn about the LORD's anger? About His mercy? How did David argue that God should spare him? What did this indicate about his view of the afterlife? Had the Temple been built yet? Why would this psalm be appropriate for the dedication of the Temple?

REFLECT: Is security important to you? How much of your time goes toward renting an apartment or buying a house? Medical and life insurance? Savings? Where does your security lie? Has God turned your morning into a time of dancing? Was it sudden, surprising you with joy? Or did your mood swings level out more gradually? How is the theme sorrow producing joy developed in the B'rit Chadashah (John 16:19-22; Second Corinthians 4:16-18)? Are you in morning now? How long has your weeping in the night been? How long until morning comes, do you think?

David's pride led **him** to **sin** and the nation was under the penalty of death (**to see link click Ek - David Counts the Fighting Men**). But **ADONAI** answered **David's** plea for deliverance, and **His anger** lasted for only a short time.

A. Praise for God's Wonderful Acts: Because of **his** pride, **the plague** sent by **God** had taken seventy thousand Israelites. Sick of **his** sin and in fear for **his** people, **David** interceded and prayed: **Please! ADONAI my God, let Your hand be against me and against my father's family, but do not let the plague remain on Your people. I have sinned, I, the shepherd, have done wrong.** Therefore, as a result of **David's** change of heart from pride to repentance, **the Angel of the LORD** stopped **at the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite**

(Second Samuel 24:16b-17). He prayed: I will extol you, O Lord, for You have lifted me up and have not let my foes rejoice (Hebrew: *samach*) over me. The enemies of Isra'el would have rejoiced over the downfall of King David. O Lord my God, I cried to You for help, and You have purified me (Hebrew: *rapha*) purified me. David praised God for answered prayer: O Lord, You have brought up my soul from Sh'ol: You restored me to life from among those who go down to the pit (Psalm 30:1-3 ESV).⁴⁹⁸



B. God's Anger and His Favor: These verses are full of contrasts: **anger** and **favor**, **weeping** and **joy**, **night** and **morning**, **firm** and **struck with terror**. They express the depth of **God's** care and the benefits of dependence on **Him**. **Sing praises to the LORD, O you faithful of His and give thanks to His holy name. David's praise** arose for two complementary reasons: forgiveness and restoration. First, **the LORD** forgives. **For His anger is but for a moment, and His favor is for a lifetime. Weeping may tarry for the night, but joy comes in the morning (Psalm 30:4-5 ESV)**. The roughest edges are smoothed by time. Sorrow slips away and another sits in her place. **Once I was prosperous and used to say that nothing could ever shake me.** Second, **the LORD** restores. It was a **favor** of **ADONAI** that **he** was restored. **When You showed me favor, ADONAI, I was firm as a mighty mountain. But when You hid Your face, I was struck with terror (Psalm 30:4-7 CJB).** David knew **he** couldn't change on **his** own because he was **sinful from the day he was born (Psalm 51:5)**. The word favor signifies a renewal of love, forgiveness, restoration and blessing. In **his** strength **he** was weak, but in **God's purification**, **he** regained **his** strength. Then when **he** was weak, then **he** was strong **(Second Corinthians 12:10).**⁴⁹⁹ So are we.

A. Praise for God's Wonderful Acts: When **God** brought the plague, **David** called to **ADONAI** pleading for mercy. The imperfect tense of the Hebrew verbs may better be translated as: **I kept on calling . . . I kept on crying out for mercy.** **David** reflected again on the desperate situation in which **he** found himself. **What advantage is there in my death, in my going down to sh'ol? Can the dust praise You? Can it proclaim Your truth?** If he had been overcome by his suffering and had died, the wicked would have had occasion to gloat. **Hear me, ADONAI, and show me Your favor! ADONAI, be my helper!** Out of concern for **God's** name, **David** asked to praise the name of **the LORD** so that all people would know that **he** was faithful. Based on the covenantal promises of **God**, **David** called on **Him** for **mercy** and **help**. As Simon Peter would say to **Yeshua** in the future: **Lord, to whom shall we go? You have the words of eternal life (John 6:68).** There is no one else! And **ADONAI** was faithful in changing **David's** circumstances. **You turned my morning into dancing! You removed my sackcloth and clothed me with joy (Hebrew: *simchah*), so that my well-being can praise You.** Such is the goodness of **God**. Because of **the mercy of ADONAI**, **David** vows to continue to praise **the LORD** and **not be silent**. This was an expression of true repentance. **ADONAI my God, I will praise You forever (Psalm 30:8-12 CJB).**⁵⁰⁰ So **the praise**, which has the enthusiasm of dancing, also has depth to it, and persistence. More persistence, perhaps, than **David himself** could guess when **he** included the word **forever**.⁵⁰¹