

-Save This Page as a PDF-

## All of You Are Standing

### 29: 10-15

All of you are standing DIG: Why was the renewal of the covenant necessary? What people attended this covenant ceremony? Who were the foreigners who chopped their word and carried their water? Who else was it their duty to inform? Upon whom did the covenant depend? Why? What does this show about the covenant? Why wasn't this covenant limited with the passage of time? What was their enjoyment of the covenant dependent on?

REFLECT: "Today" echos down through the ages every time these words are read. For every new generation, the challenge of the covenant would always be "today" (see Psalm 95:7b-11), just as for every generation of believers, the Lord's coming is always "soon." The Church today has much to learn from this social and trans-generational inclusiveness of Isra'el in the days of Moshe and Deuteronomy.

**Parashah 50: Nitzavim (Standing) 29:10-30:20**  
**(In regular years read with Parashah 52, in leap years read separately)**  
**(To see link click [Af](#) - Parashah)**

**The Key People:** Moshe, speaking to all Isra'el.

**The Scene:** In the wilderness east of **the** Promised **Land**, standing across the Jordan River opposite Jericho. **Moshe** formally gathered **the people** to deliver a final solemn message to uphold **God's covenant** with **them**. **The people stood** before **Moshe**, from the greatest to the least, in order to enter into a sworn **covenant** with **ADONAI** in fulfillment of the promise **He** made with **Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob**. This **covenant** ceremony marked the climax of **Moshe's** earlier appeals in **Deuteronomy**.

**The Main Events:** include **all Isra'el** standing before **ADONAI** to enter **His**

**covenant; Moshe** warning that idolatry will defile **the Land** and scatter **the people**; the choice between **blessing** and **cursing, life** and **death**; **God's** promise to regather **the Jewish people**; the reminder that **Torah** is in **their** mouths and hearts, not too hard to obey; the command to **choose life** and listen to the voice of **YHVH**; so that **b'nai-Israel** will live long in **the Land** that **God** promised to **Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob**.<sup>630</sup>

**These verses remind us of the final stages of the covenant ceremony before the oath was taken. The covenant community was assembled and the nature of the event is explained.**

**The day before Moses died.**



**A. You are taking your stand with those today (29:10-11):** An entirely new generation gathered to take an “**oath-of-loyalty**” to **ADONAI**. The fact that **they** were **all standing** implies some sort of formal ceremony. It was an incredibly leveling experience for everyone assembled. **All of you are standing today in the presence of ADONAI your God** without reference to social, economic, gender, or age differences: **Your leaders and chief men, your elders and officials, and all the other men of Isra’el, together with your children and your wives, and the foreigners living in your camps who chop your wood and carry your water (29:10-11). The wood chopper** was no less a member of **the covenant community** than the king. **The foreigners** were from **the mixed multitude** which joined **the Israelites** on **their** departure from **Egypt (Exodus 12:38)**.

*Dear Heavenly **Father**, Praise **You** awesome love which offers salvation to all, including Gentiles, who covenant with **You** as their **Lord** and **Savior**. Praise **You** for **Your Messiah** who gives light to all. **I, Adonai, called You in righteousness, I***

*will take hold of Your hand, I will keep You and give You as a covenant to the people, as a light to the nations (Isaiah 42:6). Praise your great power over death. Because I live, you also will live (John 14:19c). How wonderful is Your encouraging fellowship as You live in believers. The Spirit of truth . . . you know Him, because He abides with you and will be in you (John 14:17a, c). How wonderful to focus my eyes on the future eternal glory and joy in heaven, instead of on life's problems, which will soon be over. For I consider the sufferings of this present time not worthy to be compared with the coming glory to be revealed to us. (Romans 8:18). I love You and look forward to praising You forever! In Yeshua's holy name and power of His resurrection. Amen*

**B. I am making a covenant (29:12):** Each individual of the community made an oath of personal allegiance. You are standing here in order to enter into a covenant with ADONAI your God, a covenant ADONAI is making with you this day and sealing it with an oath (29:12). The loyalty to the covenant was guarded by curses (to see link click [Ff - Curses for Disobedience](#)). This verse reads literally, *your crossing over into the covenant of YHVH your God . . . and into His curse*. The noun **curse** refers to the curses of the covenant.<sup>631</sup>

**C. Renew the covenant made at Mount Sinai (29:13):** The purpose of the assembly is now declared. The primary function of this assembly was to renew the covenant that the LORD originally made with Isra'el at Mount Sinai (see the commentary on [Exodus De - You Will be For Me a Kingdom of Priests](#)). The covenant was made with the nation that very day as His people, that He would be their God as He promised them and as He swore to their fathers, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob (29:13). The core of this section is the core of the covenant itself, the mutual commitment of the people to God and God to the people.

**B. I am making a covenant (29:14): I am cutting** (Hebrew *koret*, meaning *to cut off or to cut down*) **this Covenant with an oath**. The cutting of a covenant involved the shedding of blood. It was a blood covenant. The implication was that the party who failed to keep the covenant would become like the slain animals that were sacrificed as substitutes for the two parties making the covenant. Once the covenant was made and the two parties walked between the dead animals, the terms of the covenant could not be changed (see the commentary on [Genesis Eg - I am the LORD, Who](#)

**Brought You Out of Ur of the Chaldeans to Give You This Land**). So, this ceremony was not reenacted here, but renewed the original **covenant the Israelites cut** with **YHVH** at **Mount Sinai**. It was important to understand that **the covenant He** made with **their** fathers and mothers would stand forever, but **their** enjoyment of **its** promises depended on **their** obedience to the mitzvot **(29:14)**.<sup>632</sup>

**A. You are taking your stand for future generations (29:15):** In this passage **Moshe** looks forward instead of backward. **He** stresses the continuity of this **covenant** from the present audience to all future generations, not because **YHVH's covenant** mercies are an inherited family right, but because **God** is faithful to **His** promise to extend **His blessing** to all who love **Him** and obey **His** mitzvot.<sup>633</sup> **I am not only cutting this covenant with those who are standing here with us today in the presence of ADONAI our God, but also with those who are not here today.** The community was not limited by the passage of time or race. This text is very important because it states clearly that the covenant of **God** with **Isra'el** is not exclusively for **Isra'el**, but for everyone who is standing with **Isra'el**. Not only those of the first generation of **Isra'el** standing there with **Moses**, but with those Gentiles who were not there at that historical moment. Each new generation, Jew or Gentile must renew **the covenant** for itself and take its **stand** before **YHVH** as did the **Isra'el** of old. And in the following verses, **Moshe** warns **them** of the alternative. If **they** forsake the Word of Truth and worship false gods, **they** will end up like the other idolatrous nations around **them** (see [Fo - Do Not Worship Other Gods](#)).