

-Save This Page as a PDF-

Joseph Reassures His Brothers

50: 15-21

Joseph reassures his brothers DIG: What do you make of the brother's fear as described here? Is it justified? Why or why not? How does Joseph's story reveal the truth of Yosef's response? What two ways did Joseph foreshadow the life of Christ?

REFLECT: When you read these verses, what struggles and triumphs come to mind in your own life? When was the last time you were tempted to replace God in judging others? In judging yourself?

On their return to **Egypt, Joseph's brothers** began to worry that **he** would hold a grudge **against them** for **all the wrongs they** had done **to him (50:15)**. Clearly **the brothers** had not dealt thoroughly with **their** own guilt, and **they** had not fully understood **Yosef's** forgiveness of **them**.⁸¹⁷ **They** had actually never made a full confession of guilt to **him**, although **they** had shown by **their** actions that **they** were sorry. A combination of pride and fear seemed to stop **them** from saying anything further as long as **Jacob** was alive. **They** assumed that, for **Jacob's** sake, **Joseph** would not do anything to **them**. As **Ya'akov** could no longer restrain **Yosef**, **their** fears grew and **they** knew that something had to be said.⁸¹⁸

Afraid to face **him**, **they** invented an imaginary message from **Jacob** to protect **themselves**. **They sent it to Joseph**, probably by **Benjamin**, saying: **Your father left these instructions before he died, "This is what you are to say to Joseph: I ask you to forgive your brothers the sins and the wrongs they committed in treating you so badly. Now please forgive the sins of the servants of the God of your father."**



When **their** message came to **him**, **Yosef wept (50:16-17)**. Why? When he had previously revealed **himself to his brothers**, he had said: **I am your brother Joseph, the one you sold into Egypt! And now, do not be stressed and do not be angry with yourselves for selling me here, because it was to save lives that God sent me ahead of you (45:4-5)**. He had tried to calm **their** fears and emphasized **God's** sovereignty in what **he** had experienced. **And he kissed all his brothers and wept over them. Afterward his brothers talked with him (45:15)**. But this recent message seemed to say that **they** had either not believed **him** or learned nothing of **his** true character in the past seventeen years. **He** had forgiven **them** long ago. Hadn't **they** realized that? Therefore, **Yosef wept**.

Hearing of **Joseph's** reaction to **their** words, that is, **his** tears, the **brothers** felt brave enough to face **him** in person. **They** came to **him** in humility, bowing before **him** and announcing **their** servitude.⁸¹⁹

79. All of the children of Isra'el bow down before Joseph and Christ. His brothers then came and threw themselves down before him saying: We are your slaves (50:18). Likewise, in the coming Day of the Lord they will bow down before Him and say: Surely this is our God; we trusted Him and He saved us. This is the LORD, we trusted Him; let us rejoice and be glad in His salvation (see the commentary on Isaiah, to see link click [Fc - Surely This is Our God; We Trusted in Him](#)). There are eighty ways that the life of Joseph would prepare the Jews for the coming of Jesus Christ (see the commentary on Genesis [lw - The Written Account of the Generations of Jacobs](#)).

But Joseph comforted and reassured **them** and said: **Don't be afraid. Am I in the place of God?** The Hebrew here can also be translated as a statement rather than a question: **I am subject to God!** He realized that **he** was not sovereign. Indeed, everything that had happened occurred because of the providence of **ADONAI**. How could **he**, a mere human, change it? Not only that, **he** said: **You**

intended to harm me, but God intended it for good to accomplish what is now being done, the saving of many lives from all over the world (50:19-20). In other words, “You blew it, but God knew it!” **Yosef** believed that **God** even uses the sinfulness of humans to bring about **His** good purposes in the world. This truth is woven throughout Scripture (**Proverbs 16:1, 20:24; Psalm 37:23**). As **Proverbs 16:9** says: **In his heart a man plans his course, but the LORD determines his steps.** In the B’rit Chadashah, **Paul** echos **Joseph’s** words when he says: **We know that God causes everything to work together for the good of those who love God and are called in accordance with His purpose (Romans 8:28).** However, there is no stronger statement in the Scriptures regarding the true meaning of the sovereignty of **God** than what **Joseph** said to his brothers.⁸²⁰

*What gave **Yosef** the grace to make this remarkable reply? There can be only one answer: **Joseph** knew **God**. In particular, **he** knew two truths about **God**. First, **he** knew that **ADONAI** is sovereign – that nothing ever comes into the life of any one of **His** children that **He** has not approved of first. In other words, there are no accidents.⁸²¹ Secondly, **he** knew that **the LORD** is faithful – therefore, when the good and the bad came **Joseph’s** way, **he** knew that **God** would be with **him**. In other words, **He will never leave** or abandon **His** children (**Hebrews 13:5b**). These two truths are just as real to us today as they were for **Yosef**. **Jesus Christ is the same yesterday and today and forever (Hebrews 13:8).***

80. Both Yosef and Yeshua give proof that they are fully reconciled to their family. So then, don’t be afraid. I will provide for you and your children. And he kissed all his brothers and wept over them (45:15 and 50:21a). The fact that he kissed and wept over his brothers showed that they were forgiven and speaks of his love. It was with a kiss that his father greeted the prodigal son as he returned from a season of sin (Luke 15:17-21). Notice, it was Joseph that kissed them, and not the other way around. God always takes the initiative. How blessed, also, are the words that follow: And he reassured them and spoke kindly to them (50:21b). Their fears were all gone now. Reconciled to Yosef, they could now enjoy his fellowship and talk with him. So it is with the saved sinner and the Lord.

There is no doctrine so clearly taught in the Bible as the providence of **God**. **ADONAI** is grandly portrayed as the **blessed and only Ruler, the King of kings and Lord of lords, who also is immortal and who lives in unapproachable**

light (First Timothy 6:15-16). In his book of systematic theology, Berkhof summarizes the doctrine of sovereignty as follows, “The sovereignty of **God** is strongly emphasized in Scripture. **He** is represented as **Creator** and **His** will as the cause of all things . . . **He** is clothed with absolute authority over the hosts of heaven and the inhabitants of the earth. **He** upholds all things with **His** almighty power, and determines the ends that they are destined to serve. **He** rules as **King** in the most absolute sense of the word, and all things are dependent upon Him and subservient to **Him.**” The Bible teaches that at this very moment **the LORD** sits enthroned over the universe. **He** is preserving and maintaining **His** creation by **His** sovereign hand. All in the universe – the whens, the wheres, the hows and the whys – is determined and directed by the matchless, supreme **God.**⁸²² But does that mean we are mere robots with no choices of our own?

No, implicit here is the intimate relationship between divine sovereignty and human responsibility. We can never fully understand how both are held together, yet both are clearly affirmed in Scripture. Any attempt to emphasize one at the expense of the other will result in misunderstanding how we relate to **God**. So, for example, to emphasize divine predestination to such a degree that you and I are not really responsible for our actions is to put too much emphasis on sovereignty.⁸²³ Likewise, to assert our human freedom in a way that implies that any of our actions are outside **the LORD’s** control is to misunderstand our responsibility before **God**. The story of **Joseph** beautifully illustrates that both are true and both must be held in balance. **Yosef’s** life experiences taught **him** well. **His brother’s** evil betrayal, Potiphar’s wife’s lies, the cup-bearer’s negligence, all had taught **Joseph** that **ADONAI** could overrule the evil of humans to accomplish **good** for those who serve **Him.**⁸²⁴