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Mary Magdalene and Mary the Mother of James Brought Spices to Anoint the Body of Jesus Matthew 28:1 and Mark 16:1

At dawn on Sunday the seventeenth of Nisan



A golden dawn was streaking across the sky when Mary Magdalene, Mary the mother of James, and Salome bought spices so that they might go to anoint Jesus' body (Matthew 28:1b; Mark 16:1b). All of the evidence that the Gospel writers have marshaled to substantiate their claim that Yeshua is the Messiah, the Son of God, falls short of being the Good News without the conclusive fact of the resurrection. So, the reports of the event through the eyes of three women who were also firsthand witnesses of Yeshua's crucifixion and burial were vital. Although women were not considered reliable witnesses, their corroboration could not be disclaimed. This is a summary statement of the events that would shortly unfold.

There was evidently no thought of resurrection in **Mary Magdalene's** mind. **She** had seen up close the devastating effects of the bitter blows **her Savior** had received on **His** way to the cross. **She** had witnesses firsthand as **His** life ebbed from **Him**. **She** had watched as **His** lifeless **body** was unceremoniously wrapped in linen and hastily prepared ointment, and left alone in **the tomb**. The one thought that filled **her** heart was a desire to do properly what **she** had seen done so hurriedly and haphazardly by Nicodemus and Joseph. **She**



thought **she** was coming to **the tomb** for one final expression of love to **her Master** – to whom **she** knew **she** owed everything. 1645

It wasn't hope that led **them** to **the Garden tomb**. It was duty. Naked devotion. **They** expected nothing in return. What could **Yeshua** give **them**? **He** was dead! These **three women** were not going to the tomb to receive, **they** were going to **the tomb** to give. Period.

There is no motivation more noble . . .

Service prompted by duty. This is the call to discipleship. 1646

The Sabbath was over (Hebrew: *Motza'ei-Shabbat*) and it was the first day of the week (Matthew 28:1a; Mark 16:1a). Matthew actually uses the plural word (Sabbaths), which points to the extended length of the Sabbath of Passover (Thursday sundown to Friday sundown) and then the Sabbath of Unleavened Bread and the weekly Shabbat together on the same day. These women were part of the team of talmidim and wanted to show their respect to their dead Master. This was impossible to do at night after the close of the high holy Shabbat. But at dawn on the third day of Passover, Sunday, when the Sabbath was over, those women took the earliest opportunity to visit the tomb.

If **Jesus** died in our day, we would hold a memorial service, leave flowers and tender notes by **His** grave, organize a candlelight vigil – anything to express our feelings and get a little closure. **Mary Magdalene** and the other **women** from Galilee had a similar impulse. Here was one last change to minister to **Yeshua**, though with heightened security around **His tomb** even that was risky. **They** planned to return to **His tomb** as early as possible after **the Sabbath** to enclose **His body** with **spices**. After **His** burial, **the women** had gone home and prepared the **spices** and perfumes. Then there was nothing to do but wait.